Why do we care about Honey Bees?





The Society of the Hive

Everything bees do is for the good of the hive.

Honey bees live in large groups called colonies. There are approximately 10,000 to 60,000 bees in each colony.¹

Wild honey bees live in hollow tree trunks, caves, or holes in rocks. People who raise bees make wooden boxes, straw mounds, or pottery containers for them.¹

Meet the Bees!

There are three kinds of honeybees: Workers, Drones, and Queens.







Queen

WORKERS:

The smallest bee at 1/2" in length. They are female and live six weeks. Their chores include: making honey, cleaning the hive, guarding, cleaning and feeding the queen, feeding the drones, feeding the larva, building the wax combs, and visiting the flowers.

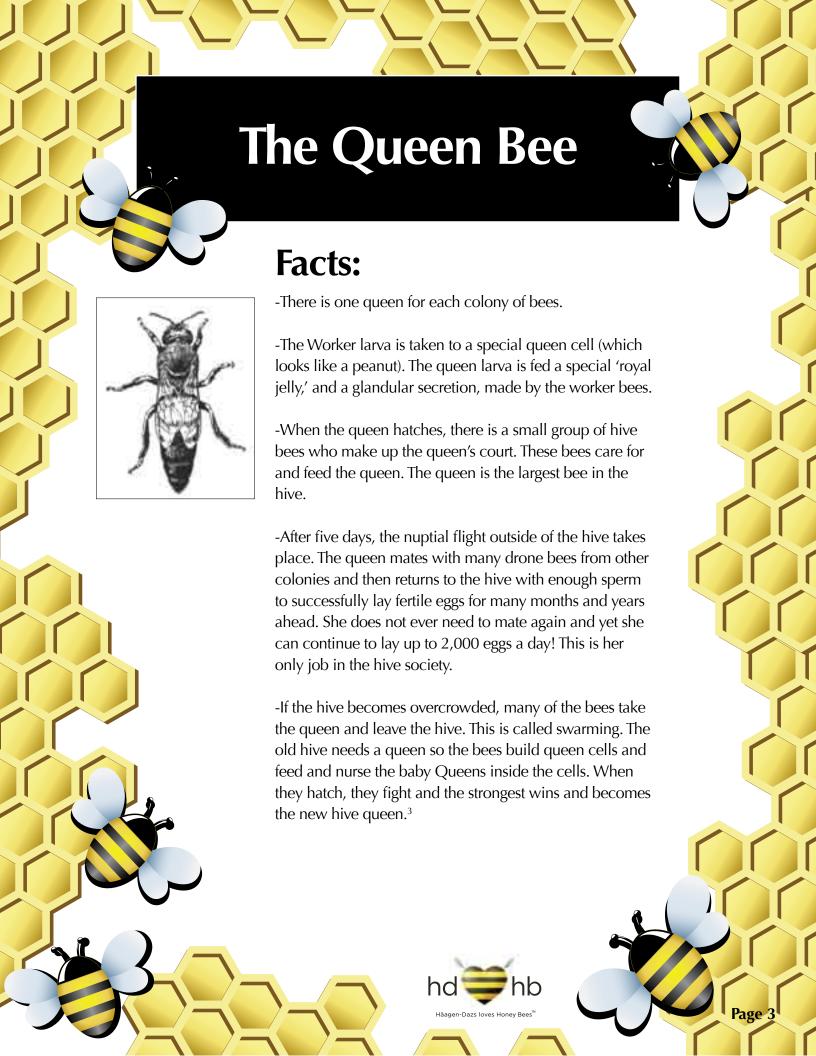
DRONES:

One hundred Drones live in each colony. They are male and live eight weeks. They are 5/8" in length, and they mate with the queen. They do not sting.

QUEENS:

The largest bee at 3/4" in length. They are female and there is only one per colony. She lays up to 2,000 eggs per day. She mates with the drones. She does not have black stripes. And she lives up to four years.²





Honey Bees Can Dance! Can You?

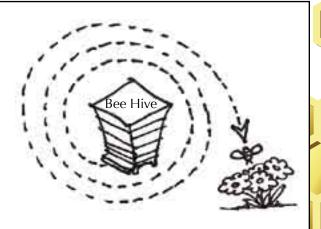
Bees show other bees where there are flowers by dancing on the honeycomb in their hive. The most common dances are THE ROUND DANCE and THE WAGGLE DANCE.⁴

The Round Dance

This dance tells the bees that flowers are close to the hive or less than 100 yards away. The dancing bee walks in a



circle, then turns around and goes the other way. The other bees go outside and fly in a circular pattern near the hive until they find the flowers.



The Waggle Dance

This dance communicates to the other bees that a food source is far away, where to find the flowers and how far they need to go. It also tells which way to fly. The dancing bee makes a figure-eight. She waggles her body on the middle line.

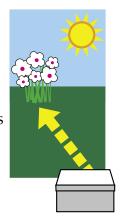


If a bee waggles straight up, the other bees fly toward the sun.



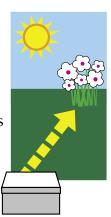


If a bee waggles to the left, the other bees fly to the left of the sun.





If a bee waggles to the right, the other bees fly to the right of the sun.









What is Pollination?

The honey bees greatest contribution to the world is a service of POLLINATION.



While the worker bee crawls around a blossom, the bee is dusted with pollen.



The bee flies to another blossom, carrying pollen in her branched hair.



When the bee lands, pollen falls onto the new blossom's stigmas. Now a flower will grow.

- A bee flies through the meadows, fields, orchards, and gardens visiting flowers and carrying pollen from one flower to another. This helps the plants form fruits and seeds.⁵
- Each flight is about one hour. Each bee makes about 10 flights per day.⁶
- The bee gathers water, bee glue (for the hive), nectar (for honey), and pollen. A bee visits 50 to 100 flowers a flight!⁶





We have a Honey Bee Problem.

CCD: Colony Collapse Disorder!

What is Colony Collapse Disorder?

It is a little understood phenomenon in which worker bees in a beehive or colony abruptly disappear.

We have a real problem! Did you know that honey bees are disappearing? And did you know that honey bees are VERY important? The scientific name for these fuzzy black and yellow insects is Apis melifera.

Bees are honey makers but the most important job they perform is pollination. One out of every three bites of food we eat and drink is animal pollinated! And, all kinds of wildlife depend on pollinated plants for food.

Many plants and trees are pollinated by honey bees: apples, apricots, avocados, cherries, strawberries, raspberries, grapes, and blueberries, peaches, pears, pumpkins, squash, watermelons, plums, cranberries, cantaloupes, cucumbers, soybeans and almonds! In fact, almond crops use 1/2 of the honeybees in the country!

The problem is so big that the University of California at Davis, Penn State, The National Honey Bee Board, and other groups are studying Colony Collapse Disorder (CCD).

Over the last several winters, more than 25 percent of the honey bee population in the United States has vanished. Scientists do not know why the bees are disappearing. There are several suspected reasons for the collapse:

- -Mite infestation
- -contamination from pesticides
- -malnutrition or poor nutrition (weather/drought related)
- -an unknown fungus
- -manner in which hives are transported

To unravel the mystery read more at www.helpthehoneybees.com

Some congressional leaders have introduced legislation to help research, protect, and maintain America's bee population. In the meantime, you can help by planting a bee-friendly garden to grow a new source of food for the honey bees.

That's why the Häagen-Dazs brand is funding research to help the cause.9









anemone apple blossom aster azelea begonia bee balm (monarda) black-eyed susan blue cowslip bluebell camelia carnation chrysanthemum coneflower crocus daffodil daisy dandelion dogwod edelweiss forget-me-not forsythia freesia fuchsia gardenia

geranium gladiolus goldenrod heather hibiscus hollyhock hyacinth hydrangea hyssop (agastache) jasmine lady's slipper lantana lilac marigold mint narcissus orchid pansy peach blossom peony petunia pincushion flower (scabiosa) purple coneflower

ranunculus (buttercup)
rhododendron
rose
salvia (sage)
snapdragon
sunflower
sweet pea
thistle
thyme
tulip
violet
yarrow
yucca
zinnia



Honey Bee Find-A-Word

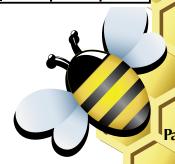




hd **h**b

honeybee beekeeper insect wings colony honey wax comb larva queen drone worker
hexagon
garden
CCD
beeswax

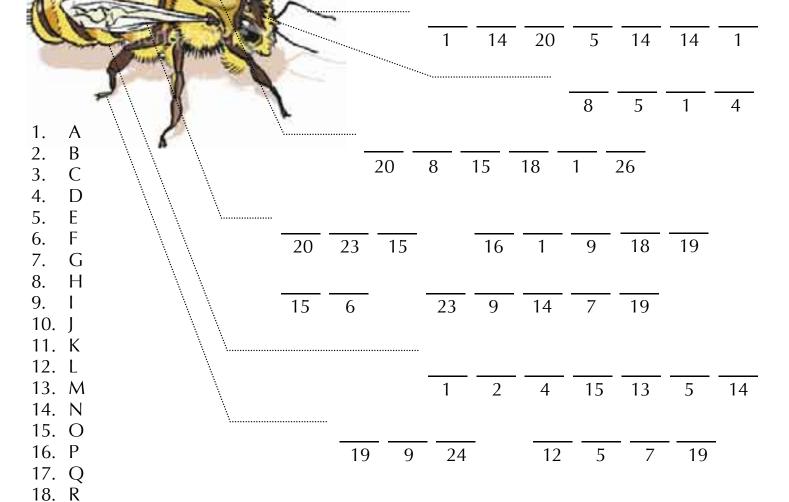
black yellow sting busy



Page 9

Name The Parts of a Honey Bee

Using the Alphabet Key fill in the blank spaces to answer the questions.



Did you know bees live everywhere on earth except for the

19. S

20. T 21. U

22. V

23. W24. X25. Y

26. Z





- 1. Bees have been producing honey for at least $(3 \times 50 =)$ million years.
- 2. Honey bees wings beat (3 x 3,800 =)_____times per minute.
- 3. Honey bees flight speed averages only
 (3 x 5 =) _____miles per hour.

 So, how far can a bee fly in 3 hours? ______
- 4. A single honey bee hive contains approximately (10+10+10+10+10+10=)_____thousand bees.
- 5. In the course of her lifetime, a worker bee will produce only (reduce 3/36=)______ of a teaspoon of honey.
- 6. A worker bee lives for about $[(3 \times 9) + 3 =]$ _____days.
- 7. To make (1/4 + 1/4 + 1/2 =) _____pound(s) of honey, workers in a hive fly $(5 \times 11,000 =)$ _____miles and tap $(4 \times 500,000 =)$ _____flowers.
- 8. The queen bee mates once in her lifetime and can lay up to $(5 \times 400 =)$ eggs in a day.







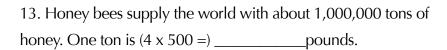




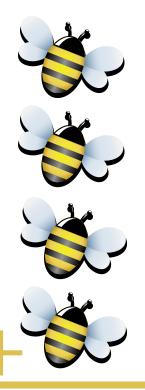


Do the math problems to learn more about honey bees.

- 9. A honey bee has (8 4 =) _____stomachs.
- 10. A worker bee can only sting (9 8 =) _____time(s) and then it dies.
- 11. To make one pound of honey, a colony of bees collects nectar from over $(2 \times 50,000=)$ flowers.
- 12. There are about (5,986 + 14,014 =) types of bees in the world.



14. Honey bees have (1,700 + 1,300 =) _____tiny eyes in each big eye to see ultraviolet light.





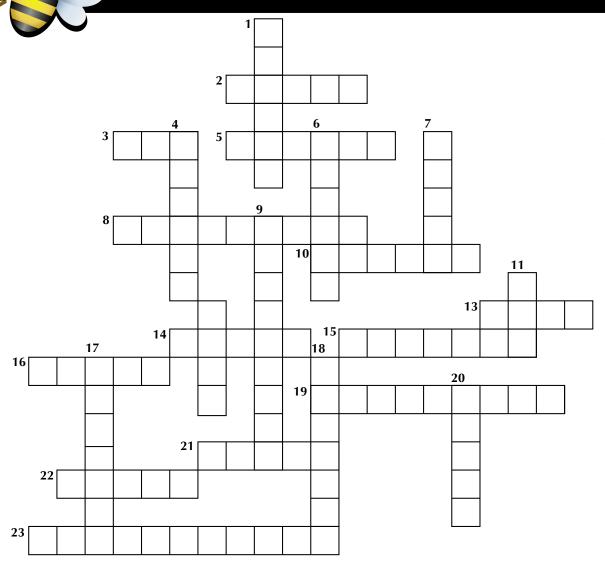


Foods Pollinated by Honey Bees!

Can you put them in alphabetical order?

1.	Blueberry	1
2.	Turnip	2
3.	Pumpkin	3
4.	Orange	4
5.	Strawberry	5
6.	Apple	6
7.	Raspberry	7
8.	Avocado	8
9.	Squash	9
10.	Onion	10
11.	Plum	11
12.	Watermelon	12
13.	Radish	13
14.	Cherry	14
15.	Pear	15
16.	Almond	16
17.	Cranberry	
18.	Eggplant	18
19.	Cucumber	19
20.	Asparagus	20
21.	Peach	21
22.	Grape	22
23.		23.

Honey Bee Facts Crossword Puzzle



Across	Down
2. Honey bees have yellow and stripes.	1. The yellow spore of a seed plant is called
3. The acronym for Colony Collapse Disorder is	4. The male bees are called
5. In order to cook, you read a	6. The honey bee is a type of
8. The worker, drone and queen are types of	7. The leader of a colony is the bee.
10. Honey bees live in a group called a	9. A person who raises bees is called a
13. Bees in a	11. Bees have legs.
14. The sweet nectar the bees make is called	12. The honey is made of wax hexagons.
15 is used to seal the honey cells closed.	17. Honey is nature's sweetener.
16. Honey bees have two sets of fluttering	18. A 6-sided polygon is called a
19. Bees are an important, vital part of our	20. A bee can hurt!!!
21. The worm-like creatures are called	
22. Oranges and apples are a kind of	
23. When bees carry pollen from one flower to another, it	
is called	

Honey Bee Paper Chain

Directions:

1.



Reproduce the pattern, enlarging or reducing the pattern to suit your purpose.

2.

Tape the pattern to the edge of a strip of construction paper at least as tall as the pattern.



3.

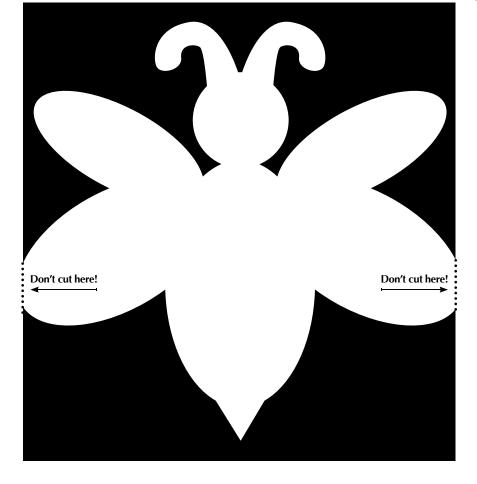
Fold the strip of paper into an accordian fold that is the width of the pattern.



4.

Cut out the pattern, taking care not to cut on the dotted edges.



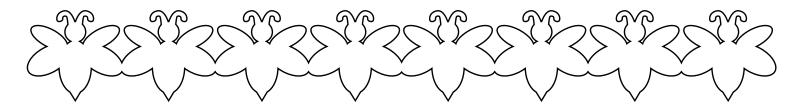


5.

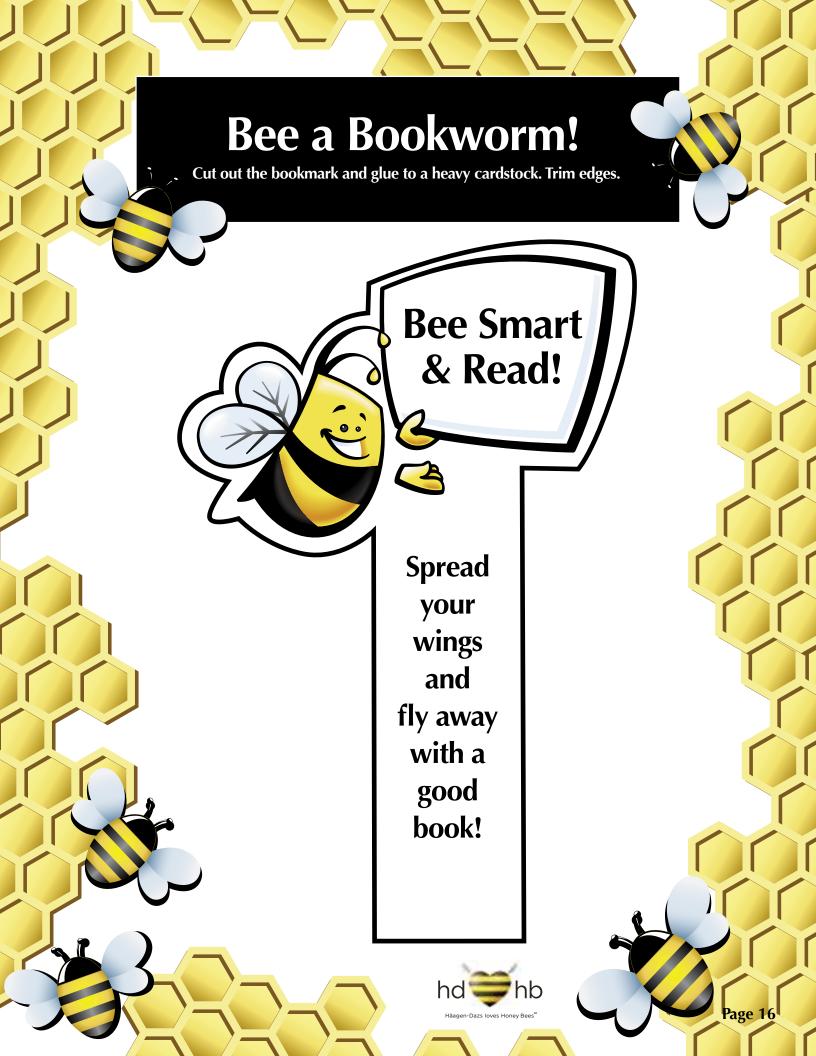
Unfold the pattern and cut as many as you need for the project.

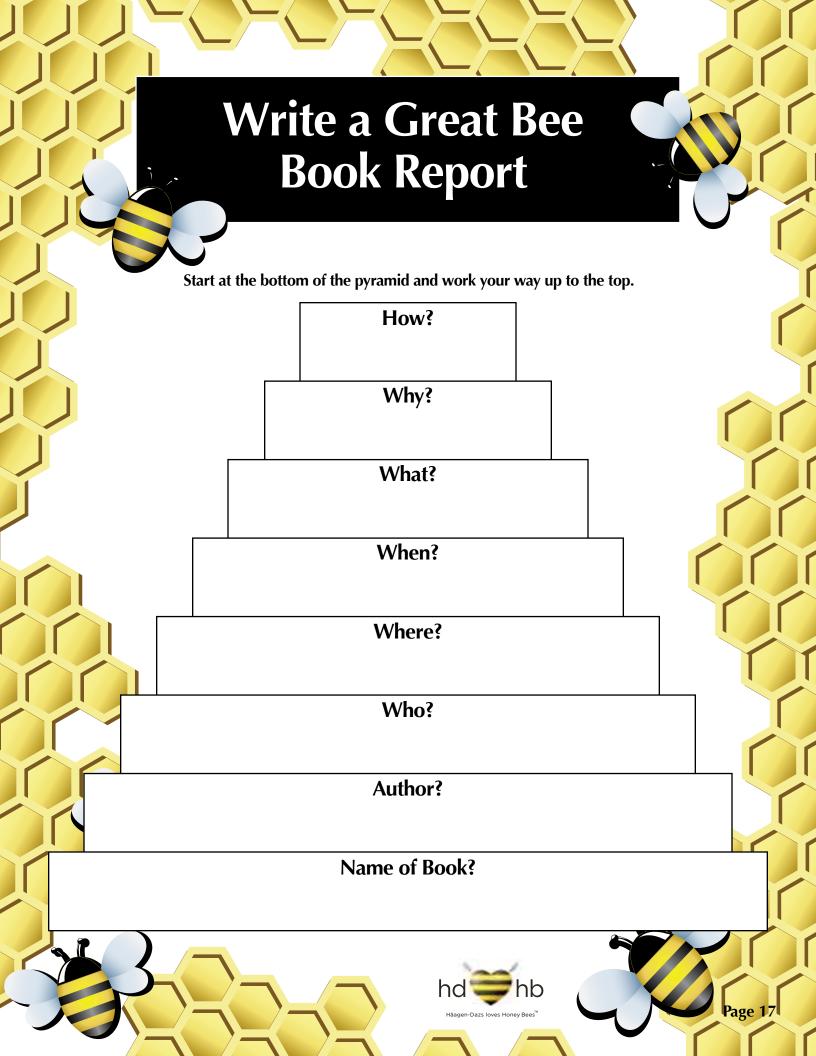
6.

Color them with bright stripes!







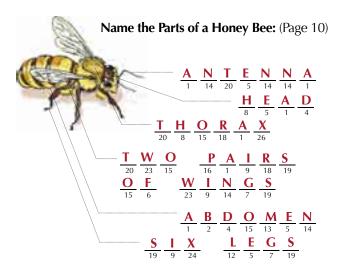


Bee Book Answer Key

Honey Bee Find-A-Word: (Page 9)

Häagen-Dazs

D	В	L	A	C	K	В	U	S	Y	F	G
H	R	Α	I	X	Y	W	S	T	-	N	G
O	O	O	J	W	Н	A	Н	C	0	M	В
N	В	N	N	С	V	X	Ε	G	Е	F	W
E	Α	В	E	E	K	E	E	Р	E	R	O
Y	Q	B	G	Y	Y	E	L	L	O	W	R
C	U	E	A	D	В	L	A	R	V	A	K
O	E	E	R	W	I	E	Т	С	U	D	E
L	E	S	D	1	Z	S	E	C	 	S	R
0	Z	W	E	Z	C	C	D	R	В	K	Z
N	K	A	Z	G	H	E	X	Α	G	0	N
Y	Z	X	Ν	S	М	L	Q	S	Q	V	T
L	Α	J	Ο	Р	R	Р	U	X	Ο	W	M



Did you know bees live everywhere on earth except for the

Fun Math **Honey Bee Facts:**

(Pages 11)

- 1. 150
- 2. 11,400
- 3. 15 miles, 45
- 4. 60
- 5. 1/12
- 6. 30
- 7. 1 pound 55,000 2,000,000
- 8. 3,000

Fun Math Bee Facts

(Page 12)

- 9. 2
- 10. 1
- 11. 100,000
- 12. 20,000
- 13. 2,000
- 14. 3,000

Foods Pollinated by Honey Bees

(Page 13)

- 1. Almond
- 2. Apples
- 3. Apricot
- 4. Asparagus
- 5. Avocado
- 6. Blueberry
- 7. Cherry
- 8. Cranberry
- 9. Cucumber
- 10. Eggplant
- 11. Grape
- 12. Onion
- 13. Orange 14. Peach
- 15. Pear
- 16. Plum
- 17. Pumpkin
- 18. Radish
- 19. Raspberry
- 20. Squash
- 21. Strawberry
- 22. Turnip
- 23. Watermelon

